	Concept Note for Global Giving			
	COVID19 Crisis Relief & Support in India			
Project Name	Distribution of Community and Health worker protection Kit including Essential surviving Kit services for vulnerable families in India			
	What is COVID-19?  COVID-19 is a disease caused by the "novel coronavirus". Coronavirus (CoV) are a large family of viruses that causes illness ranging from common cold to more severe diseases such as Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS-CoV) and Severe Actute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS-CoV).			
Background	Novel Coronavirus or COVID19 is a highly contaigious diseases that capresent itself varied symptoms such as cough, fever, or difficulty in breathing Infection is spread through droplets generated by coughing and sneezing of through prolonged contact with infected patients. Other common symptom are: Fever, Dry cough, Breathing difficulty, some patients also have aches an pains, nasal congestion, runny nose, sore throat or Diarrhoea.			
	About 80% of confirmed cases recover from the disease without any serious complications. However, one out of every six people who get COVID-19 can become seriously ill (Source WHO) and develop difficulty in breathing. In more severe cases, an infection can cause severe pneumonia and other complications which can be treated only at higher-level facilities (District Hospitals and above). In a few cases, it may even cause death. For definition and more information on COVID-19, visit the World Health Organisation (WHO) website <a href="http://www.who.int/health-topics/coronavirus">http://www.who.int/health-topics/coronavirus</a>			
	How does COVID-19 spread?			
	COVID-19 spreads mainly by droplets produced as a result of coughing or sneezing of a COVID-19 infected person. This can happen in two ways:			
	• <b>Direct close contact:</b> one can get the infection by being in close contact with COVID-19 patients (within one Metre of the infected person), especially if they do not cover their face when coughing or sneezing.			

• **Indirect Contact:** The droplets survive on surfaces and clothes for many days. Therefore, touching any such infected surface or cloth and then touching one's mouth, nose or eyes can transmit the disease.

The incubation period of COVID 19 (time between getting the infection and showing symptoms) is 1 to 14 days. Some people with the infection, but without any serious symptoms can also spread the disease

#### Which groups of people are at higher risk of getting infected?

- a) People who have travelled to other countries in the last 14 days and their family members.
- b) People coming from other states if they have been working with people who travelled to other countries in the last 14 days.
- c) Family members and contacts of patients confirmed to have COVID-19.
- d) People older than 60 years of age and people with medical problems like high blood pressure, heart problems, respiratory disease/asthma, cancer or diabetes are at higher risk for developing serious complications.
  - 1. Key messages to spread for prevention of COVID-19
- a. How to avoid getting COVID-19 or spreading it?

#### Practice Social Distancing:

- Avoid gatherings such as meals, haats, gatherings in religious places, social functions etc.
- Maintain a safe distance of at least one Metre between you and other people when in public places, especially if they are having symptoms such as cough, fever etc. to avoid direct droplet contact.
- Stay at home as much as possible.
- Avoid physical contact like handshakes, hand-holding or hugs.

### b. Practice good hygiene

- Wash your hands frequently using soap and water:
- After coming home from outside or meeting other people especially if they are ill.
- After having touched your face, coughing or sneezing.
- Before preparing food, eating or feeding children.
- Before and after using the toilet, cleaning etc.
- While coughing or sneezing cover your nose and mouth with a handkerchief. Wash the handkerchief at least daily
- It is preferable to cough/sneeze into your bent elbow rather than your

palms.

- Do not spit or shout in public places to avoid the spread of droplets. Do not touch your eyes, nose and mouth with unclean hands. Ensure that the surfaces and objects are regularly cleaned
- 2. What to do if you are having symptoms or have travelled to other countries or states in past two weeks?

Symptoms of COVID 19 and seasonal respiratory illness (common cold/flu) are similar. All people with these symptoms may not have COVID 19. Following persons should be quarantined for 14 days at home as a precaution:

- ∇ People who have travelled to COVID 19 affected countries/areas in the past 14 days
- $\nabla$  Those who have come in close contact with a suspected/confirmed COVID 19 patient
- ∇ Those who develop symptoms
- $\nabla$  These persons should inform you. If symptoms become severe then the person should visit a health facility after speaking with you.

	What is the situation of Corona Virus in India?	
	After emerging in Wuhan, China last December, the virus, officially known as COVID-19, has spread to at least 151 countries and territories.	
	The Total Number of global cases is approaching 2 million, including more than 119,000 fatalities. More than 448,000 patients are reported to have recovered.*	
Situation in India	For Indian people, Corona Virus outbreak is hampering badly on daily wage worker and migrated population earning on a daily basis. Due to the Lockdown implanted across India, industry, Shop, Private and Government Officer, Train, Bus everything is shut down to contain the virus.	
	Total confirmed cases: 9272#	
	Total Cured/Discharged cases: 1189	
	Total Death: 353	
	Total Migrated: 1 Most corona cases detected : Maharashtra	
#Common MallEM Official Malacian Association 4.445 April 2000		
#Source: MoHFW Official Website, Accessed on 14th April 2020 *from the official Twitter Covid-19 dashboard accessed on 14th April 2020		
	While COVID-19 continues to spread it is important that communities take action to prevent further transmission, reduce the impacts of the outbreak and support control measures.	
	Thus, in India, HLFPPT has taken the initiative to prevent the spread of the virus among community and community health workers:	
Purpose of the Project	<ul> <li>✓ Providing people with information about how to protect themselves;</li> <li>✓ Providing Protection kits and promoting best hand washing and hygiene practices;</li> <li>✓ Providing Essential Surviving Kits for most vulnerable and marginalized community who recently migrated from big cities due to loss of job/wage;</li> </ul>	
	✓ Providing health Worker Protection Kit to the Health workers to save them from	
	getting infected during health service delivery at door steps  Mass production of Mask and Sanitiser for free distribution of the same at	
	✓ Mass production of Mask and Sanitiser for free distribution of the same at Community and Health facility level	
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Work and Target Areas	COVID-19 Crisis relief & Support In India is a project that includes the following set of activities to be implemented as rapid response in order to support the prevention of the spread of the virus in vulnerable areas:  Will Provide Mask Protection Kits to Community and health workers  Will Provide Mask and Sanitizer to Healthcare facilities  Will Provide Ration and Food	
Main Goal	SDG#3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages SDG#2: Contribute in ensuring food security for all vulnerable families in India.	
Objectives	<ul> <li>Distribution of nearly 10,000 Protection kits to families at risk of infection.</li> <li>Distribution of 5,000 Protection Kit to Healthcare workers</li> <li>Providing 10,000 Surviving Kits to families at risk of poverty in India.</li> <li>Providing Mask and Sanitizers to Healthcare facilities.</li> </ul>	
Results	<ul> <li>Total Number of Beneficiaries of Protection Kit: Total Number of Beneficiaries = 10,000 families x 3 average person/family Outputs: </li> <li>Per State nearly 30,000 Person can be benefitted and initially Two States are the main Target i.e, 60,000 thousand individuals</li> <li>In Phase-II, rest of the region will cover with a target of 1 lakh individuals per State</li> <li>Distribution of Nearly 10,000 i.e, 30,000 individuals Essential Surviving Kits</li> </ul> Outcomes: <ul> <li>Distributing 10,000 prevention services (Protection Kits, Ration Kits and distribution of Mask and Sanitisers) and conducting awareness activities in 250 villages of Delhi, UP, Rajasthan, and Madhya Pradesh and other States in India.</li> </ul>	
Indicators	<ul> <li>Number of Community &amp; Health Worker Protection Kit Distribution</li> <li>Number of Essential Surviving Kit</li> <li>Number of beneficiaries, in total group wise.</li> <li>Number of awareness raising sessions.</li> </ul>	
Location	In Phase-1: Delhi & Uttar Pradesh. In Phase-II and based on Momentum of Donation	
	This will be implemented in Pan India	

	Preparatory phase:				
	Identify the Hotspots identified by State and Central Governments to     Start the immediate relief				
	2. Forming and training of Volunteer Health workers to provide prevention services at village/cluster level.				
34 (1 1 1	3. Conducting procurement policy that includes contacting different				
Methodology					
	suppliers, comparison sheet analysis, agreement on delivery and				
	distribution of kits and parcels keeping in mind of social distancing and				
	hygiene.				
	Implementation phase:				
	1. Distributing Protection kits and Ration/Food parcels in addition to awareness rising on the importance and how-to-use by volunteers				
	2. Conducting Bulk production of Masks and Sanitiser after identification of healthcare facilities, which need it most.				
	3. Documenting the implementation phase by videos and photos				
	Evaluation phase:				
	4. Evaluating the entire project/effectiveness/reach and brand visibility				
	5. Draft the financial and narrative repo	ort for the proje	ect		
	6. Documenting the learned lessons to	use them in sin	nilar projects.		
Duration	Six Months, initially Emergency response projects are initiated upon the first money transfer and are				
Duration				nd are	
	executed in a rapid manner in order to mitigate the risk taking place.				
Implementation By	Corona Relief and Support team in HLFPPT (India)				
	\$ 10,50,000 Ten lakh and fi		JS dollars.		
,			JS dollars.  cost per unit	Total in \$	
Budget	\$ 10,50,000 Ten lakh and fi	fty thousand I	cost per	Total in \$	
	\$ 10,50,000 Ten lakh and fi  Prevention service  Community Protection kit	fty thousand I number of kits	cost per unit	·	
·	\$ 10,50,000 Ten lakh and fi  Prevention service  Community Protection kit distribution  Essential Surviving Kit	number of kits	cost per unit	1,00,000	
·	\$ 10,50,000 Ten lakh and fi  Prevention service  Community Protection kit distribution  Essential Surviving Kit (Food/Ration Kit for a month)	number of kits  10,000	cost per unit  10 20	1,00,000	
·	\$ 10,50,000 Ten lakh and find the service  Community Protection kit distribution  Essential Surviving Kit (Food/Ration Kit for a month)  Health Worker Protection Kits  Production of Mask and Sanitisers	number of kits  10,000  10,000  5000	cost per unit  10  20  40	1,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 5,00,000	
·	\$ 10,50,000 Ten lakh and find the service  Community Protection kit distribution  Essential Surviving Kit (Food/Ration Kit for a month)  Health Worker Protection Kits  Production of Mask and Sanitisers in Bulk for Free Distribution	number of kits  10,000  10,000  5000  10,000	10 20 40 50	1,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000	
j	\$ 10,50,000 Ten lakh and find the service  Community Protection kit distribution  Essential Surviving Kit (Food/Ration Kit for a month)  Health Worker Protection Kits  Production of Mask and Sanitisers in Bulk for Free Distribution  Total  Administrative fees 5% (Documental)	number of kits  10,000  10,000  5000  10,000	10 20 40 50	1,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 5,00,000	

	Annex#1
Annexures	Protection Kits Items-Community
	Annex#2
	Protection Kits Items-Community Health Workers
	Annex#3
	Food/Ration Kit Items- Community

## **Community Protection Kit**

Item		Description
Hand Sanitiser		Medium size
Masks		02 Units
Liquid soap		Personal use
solid soap		Quantity 2
Detergent		For sterilization means
Dettol		For sterilization means
Hand Towel		Quantity 2
Sanitary Pads		01 Units
packing +Delivery+ stickers		
	Total	10 USD Only

# **Community Health Worker Protection Kit**

Item	Description
Hand Sanitiser	Large Size
Masks	10 Units
Liquid soap	Personal use
Solid Soap	Quantity 2
Dettol	For sterilization means
Hand Towel	Quantity 2
PPE Kit	01 Units
packing +Delivery+ stickers	
Total	40 <b>USD</b>

## **Essential Surviving Kit (Ration/Food)**

Item	Quantity
Sugar	1 kg
Rice	3 kg
Atta	5 kg
Yellow/Green Lentils	1 kg
Masala	100 gm
Vegetable 0il	1 Ltr
Salt	1 Kg
Poha	500 gm
Bread	2 packets
Biscuits	2 packets x 250 gm
Tea Leaf	100 gm
Total amount	20 USD Only

Additional Document Submitted to Global Giving under Corona Virus Crisis Relief & Support In India Project by Hindustan Latex family Planning Promotion Trust (HLFPPT), India

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